Table A below supports the February 27, 2010 journalreview.org on Madhi SA, Cunliffe NA, Steele D, et al. Effect of human retrovirus vaccine on severe diarrhea in African infants. N Engl J Med 2010;362:289-98.

Table A									
Percentage Decreases in Severe Rotavirus Gastroenteritis (SRG) and									
Percentage Increases in Rates of Avoiding SRG, Vaccinated versus									
Placebo Groups, by Country, with EES*									
Country	VacSPGPate	PlaceboSPGPate	%Dec SPG	%Inc Avd	FES				

Country	VacSRGRate	PlaceboSRGRate	%Dec SRG	SRG	EES
Malawi	4.00%	7.90%	49.37%	4.23%	0.35
South Africa	0.80%	3.30%	75.76%	2.59%	0.57

* EES stands for Estimated Effect Size, as discussed on the <u>Solutions</u> sub-page of the <u>Measuring Health Disparities</u> of jpscanlan.com. As also discussed on that page and in the February 23, 2010 <u>Comment on Morita</u>, one achieves the same results from a probit analysis.